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## VOLTAGE REGULATOR

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NO. EA-016-130402

### OUTLINE

The Rx5RE Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with high output voltage accuracy and ultra-low quiescent current. Each of these ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a driver transistor, and resistors for setting output voltage, and a current limit circuit. By use of these ICs, a constant voltage power supply circuit with high efficiency can be constructed because the dropout voltage and quiescent current of these ICs are very small. Furthermore, these ICs have a built-in current limit circuit. The output voltage of these ICs is fixed with high accuracy.

Two types of packages, TO-92 (**Discontinued**) and SOT-89 (Mini-power Mold) are available.

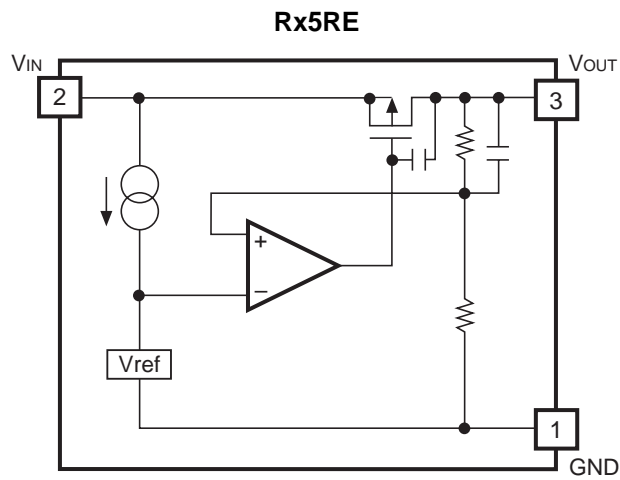
### FEATURES

- Supply Current ..... Typ. 1.1 $\mu$ A ( $V_{OUT}=3.0V$ ,  $V_{IN}=5.0V$ )
- Dropout Voltage ..... Typ. 0.5V ( $I_{OUT}=60mA$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ )
- Output Current ..... Typ. 120mA ( $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ )
- Input Voltage Range ..... Max. 10.0V
- Output Voltage Range..... 2.0V to 6.0V (0.1V steps)  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)
- Output Voltage Accuracy.....  $\pm 2.5\%$
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage ..... Typ.  $\pm 100ppm/^{\circ}C$
- Line Regulation ..... Typ. 0.1%/V
- Packages ..... SOT-89 (Mini-power Mold), TO-92 (**Discontinued**)

### APPLICATIONS

- Power source for battery-powered equipment
- Power source for cameras, video instruments such as camcorders, VCRs, and hand-held communication equipment
- Precision voltage references

## BLOCK DIAGRAMS



## SELECTION GUIDE

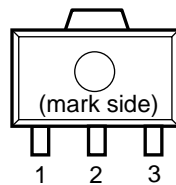
The output voltage and package for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
RH5RExxAA-T1-FE	SOT-89	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
RE5RExxAA-TZ-F	TO-92 (Discontinued)	2,500 pcs	Yes	No

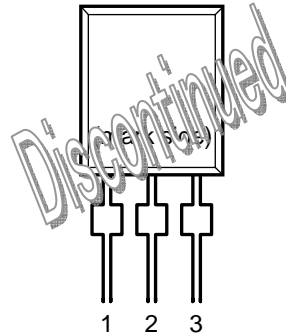
xx: The output voltage can be designated in the range from 2.0V (20) to 6.0V (60) in 0.1V steps.  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATION.)

## PIN CONFIGURATION

- SOT-89



- TO-92



## PIN DESCRIPTION

- SOT-89

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	GND	Ground Pin
2	$V_{IN}$	Input Pin
3	$V_{OUT}$	Output Pin

- TO-92 (Discontinued)

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	GND	Ground Pin
2	$V_{IN}$	Input Pin
3	$V_{OUT}$	Output Pin

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	12	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	-0.3 to $V_{IN}+0.3$	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	300	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation* (SOT-89)	900	mW
	Power Dissipation* (TO-92) (Discontinued)	300	
$T_{opt}$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C
$T_{solder}$	Lead Temperature (Soldering)	260°C, 10s	

\*) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field.

The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### • Rx5RE20A

T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	1.950	2.000	2.050	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V	40	60		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V 1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 50mA		40	80	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA		0.5	0.7	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V		1.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 10V		0.1		%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage				10	V
I <sub>lim</sub>	Current Limit			240		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

### • Rx5RE30A

T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	2.925	3.000	3.075	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V	50	80		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V 1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA		40	80	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA		0.5	0.7	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V		1.1	3.3	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 10V		0.1		%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage				10	V
I <sub>lim</sub>	Current Limit			240		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

## Rx5RE

### • Rx5RE40A

T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	3.900	4.000	4.100	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V	65	100		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V 1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 70mA		40	80	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> =50mA		0.5	0.7	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V		1.2	3.6	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 10V		0.1		%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage				10	V
I <sub>lim</sub>	Current Limit			240		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

### • Rx5RE50A

T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =7.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	4.875	5.000	5.125	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =7.0V	80	120		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =7.0V 1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 80mA		40	80	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> =60mA		0.5	0.7	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =7.0V		1.3	3.9	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 10V		0.1		%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage				10	V
I <sub>lim</sub>	Current Limit			240		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

## • Rx5RE60A

T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =8.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	5.850	6.000	6.150	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =8.0V	80	120		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =8.0V 1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 80mA		40	80	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> =60mA		0.5	0.7	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =8.0V		1.4	4.2	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 10V		0.1		%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage				10	V
I <sub>lim</sub>	Current Limit			240		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS BY OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Part Number	Output Voltage				Output Current			Load Regulation			Dropout Voltage		
	V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)				I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA)			ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔI <sub>OUT</sub> (mV)			V <sub>DIF</sub> (V)		
	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Conditions	Typ.	Max.	Conditions	Typ.	Max.
Rx5RE20A	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.0V  I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	1.950	2.000	2.050	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.0V	40	60	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.0V	40	80	I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA	0.5	0.7
Rx5RE21A		2.048	2.100	2.152									
Rx5RE22A		2.145	2.200	2.255									
Rx5RE23A		2.243	2.300	2.357									
Rx5RE24A		2.340	2.400	2.460									
Rx5RE25A		2.438	2.500	2.562									
Rx5RE26A		2.535	2.600	2.665									
Rx5RE27A		2.633	2.700	2.767									
Rx5RE28A		2.730	2.800	2.870									
Rx5RE29A		2.828	2.900	2.972									
Rx5RE30A		2.925	3.000	3.075									
Rx5RE31A		3.023	3.100	3.177									
Rx5RE32A		3.120	3.200	3.280									
Rx5RE33A		3.218	3.300	3.382									
Rx5RE34A		3.315	3.400	3.485									
Rx5RE35A		3.413	3.500	3.587									
Rx5RE36A		3.510	3.600	3.690									
Rx5RE37A		3.608	3.700	3.792									
Rx5RE38A		3.705	3.800	3.895									
Rx5RE39A		3.803	3.900	3.997									
Rx5RE40A		3.900	4.000	4.100									
Rx5RE41A		3.998	4.100	4.202									
Rx5RE42A		4.095	4.200	4.305									
Rx5RE43A		4.193	4.300	4.407									
Rx5RE44A		4.290	4.400	4.510									
Rx5RE45A		4.388	4.500	4.612									
Rx5RE46A		4.485	4.600	4.715									
Rx5RE47A		4.583	4.700	4.817									
Rx5RE48A		4.680	4.800	4.920									
Rx5RE49A		4.778	4.900	5.022									
Rx5RE50A	4.875	5.000	5.125										
Rx5RE51A	4.973	5.100	5.227										
Rx5RE52A	5.070	5.200	5.330										
Rx5RE53A	5.168	5.300	5.432										
Rx5RE54A	5.265	5.400	5.535										
Rx5RE55A	5.363	5.500	5.637										
Rx5RE56A	5.460	5.600	5.740										
Rx5RE57A	5.558	5.700	5.842										
Rx5RE58A	5.655	5.800	5.945										
Rx5RE59A	5.753	5.900	6.047										
Rx5RE60A	5.850	6.000	6.150										



T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

Quiescent Current			Line Regulation		Input Voltage	Current Limit	Output Voltage Tempco.	
I <sub>ss</sub> ( $\mu$ A)			$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}(\%/V)$		V <sub>IN</sub> (V)	I <sub>lim</sub> (mA)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T(\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C})$	
Conditions	Typ.	Max.	Conditions	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Conditions	Typ.
V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.0V	1.0	3.0	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA  V <sub>OUT</sub> + 1.0V $\leq$ V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 10V	0.1	10	240	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA  -40°C $\leq$ T <sub>opt</sub> $\leq$ 85°C	$\pm$ 100
	1.1	3.3						
	1.2	3.6						
	1.3	3.9						
	1.4	4.2						

## OPERATION

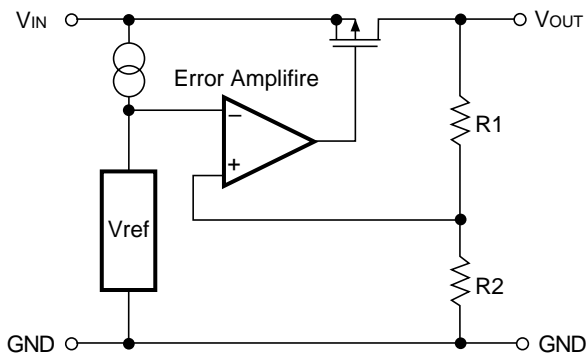


FIG. 1 Block Diagram

Output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  divided at the node between resistors  $R1$  and  $R2$  is compared with reference voltage by error amplifier, so that a constant voltage is output.

## TEST CIRCUITS

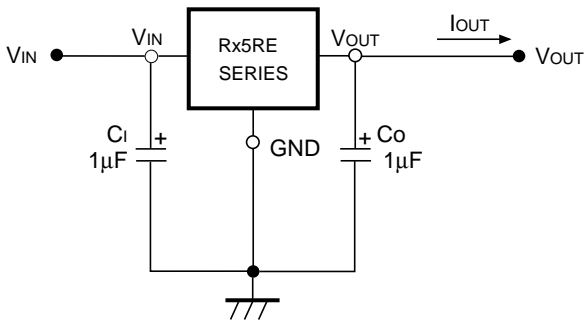


FIG. 2 Test Circuit

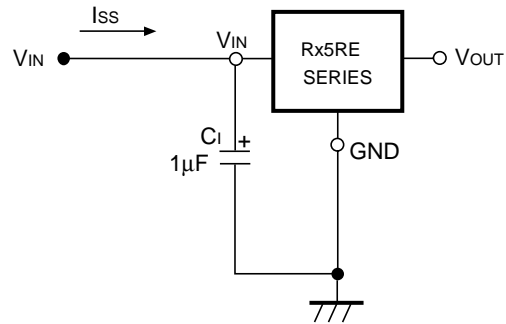


FIG. 3 Quiescent Current Test Circuit

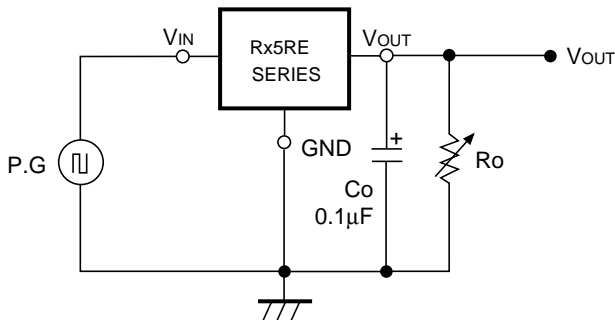
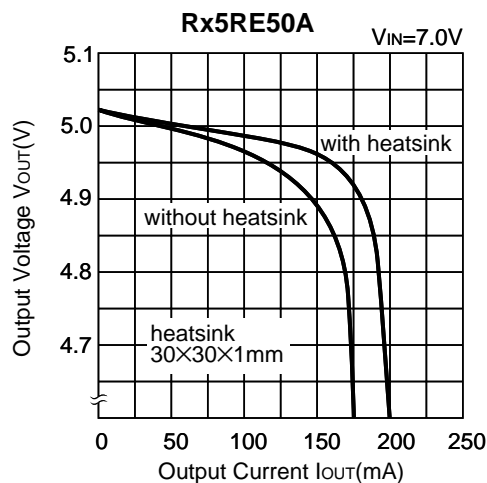
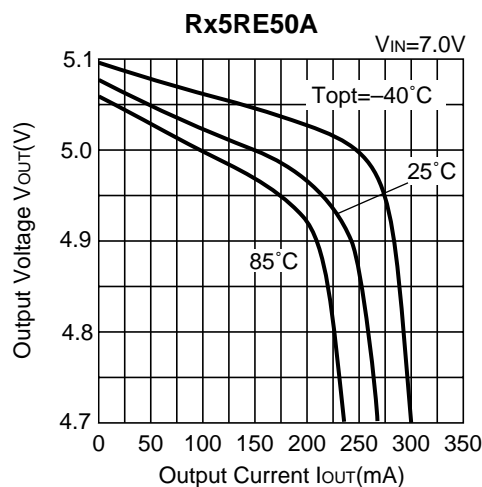
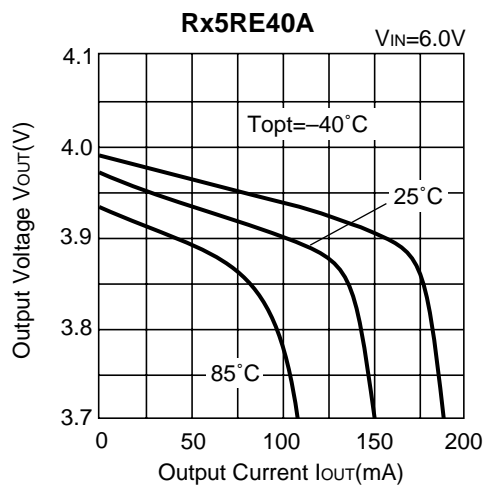
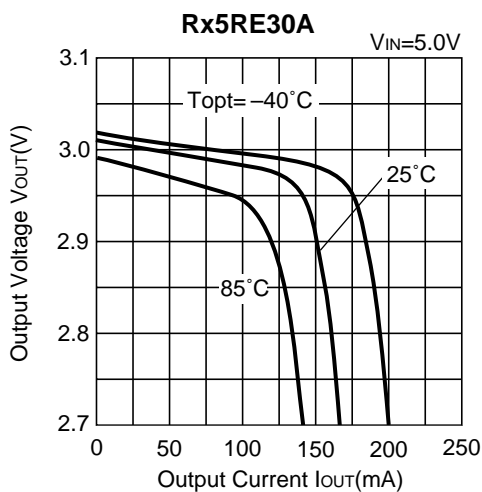


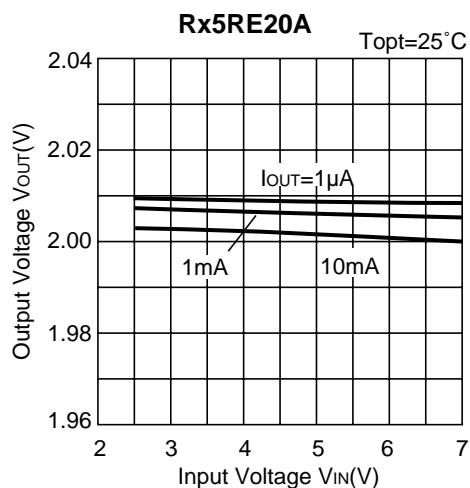
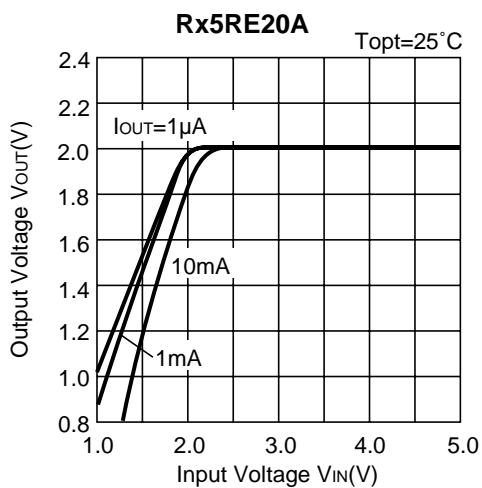
FIG. 4 Line Transient Response Test Circuit

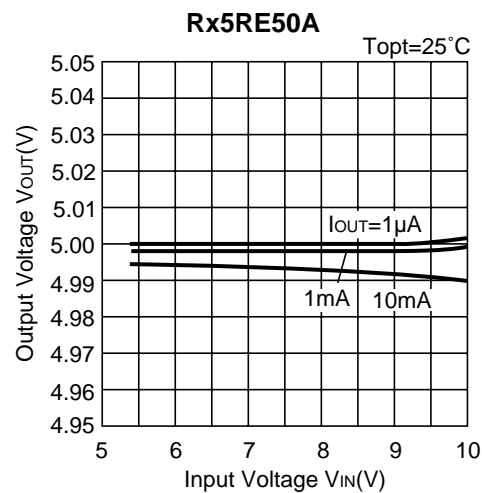
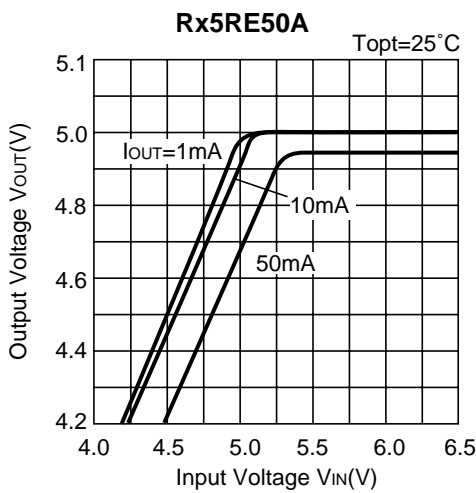
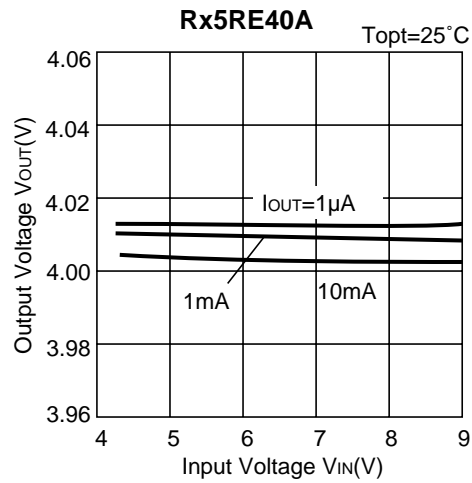
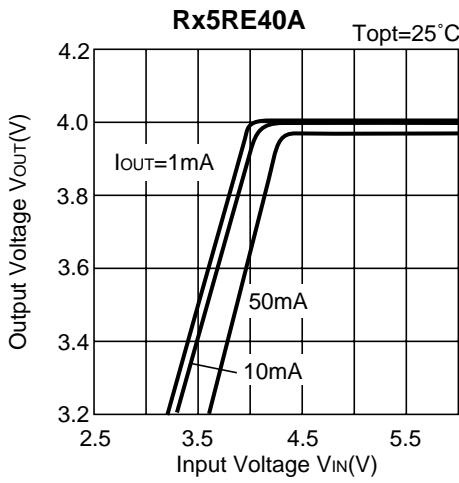
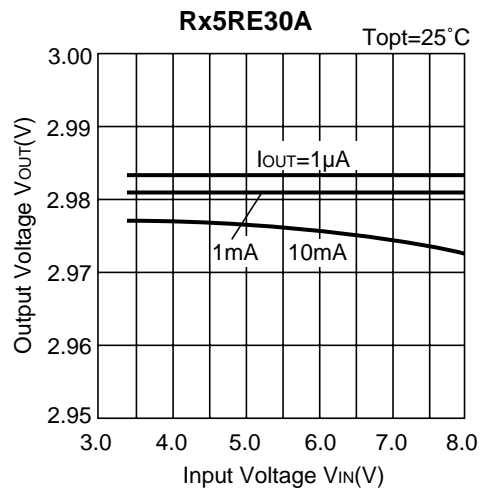
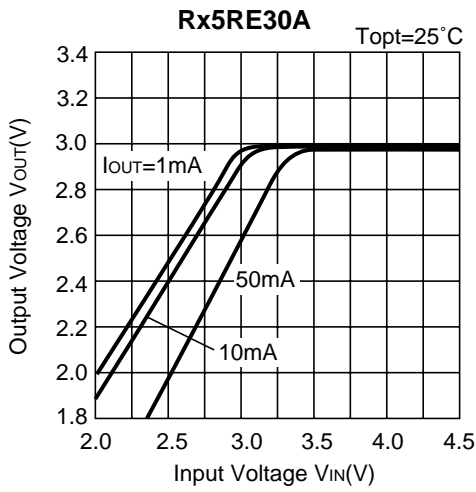
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## 1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

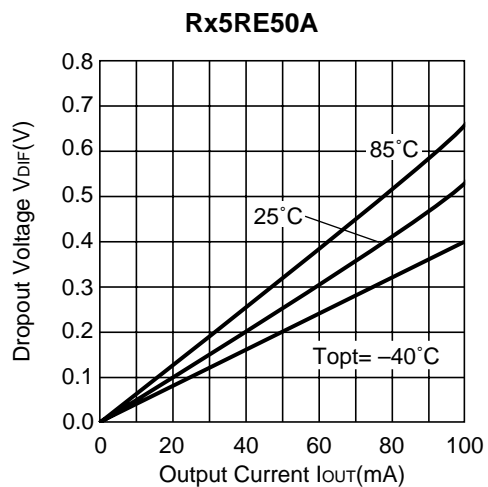
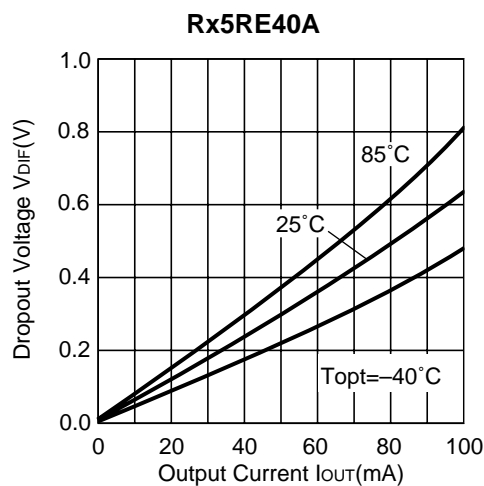
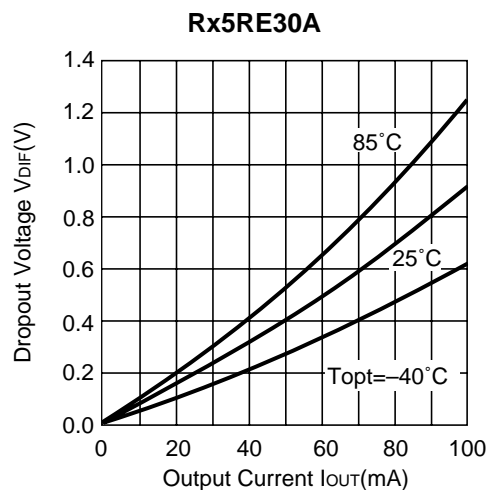


## 2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

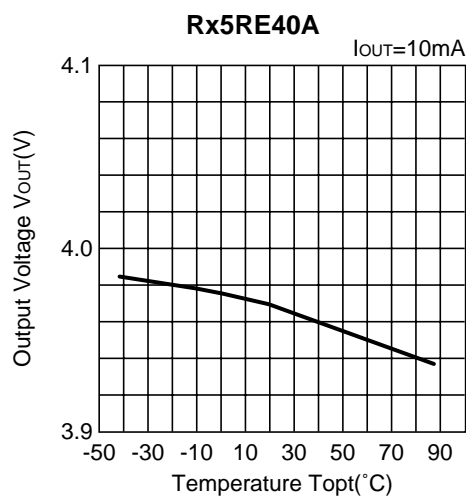
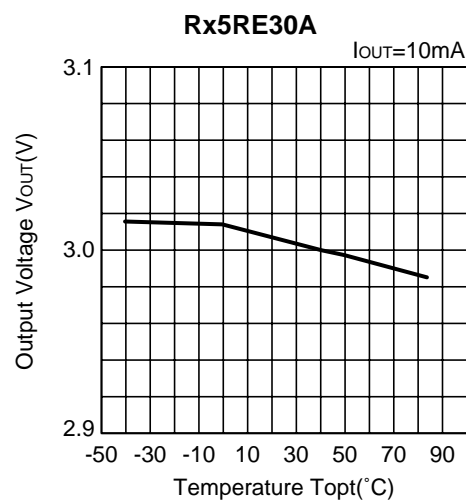


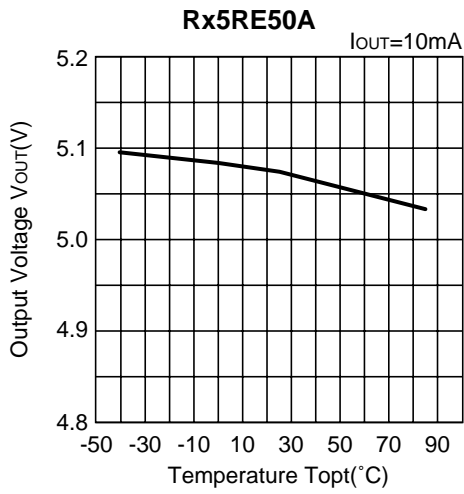


3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

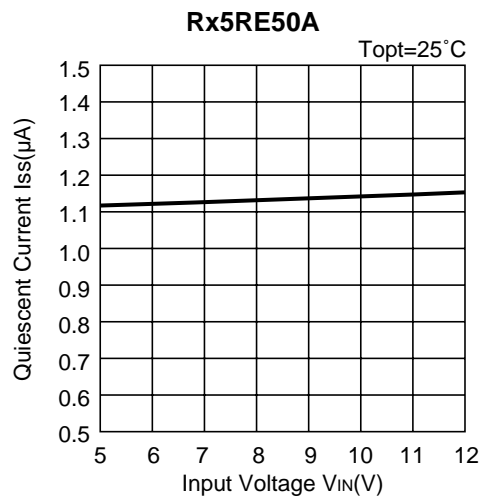
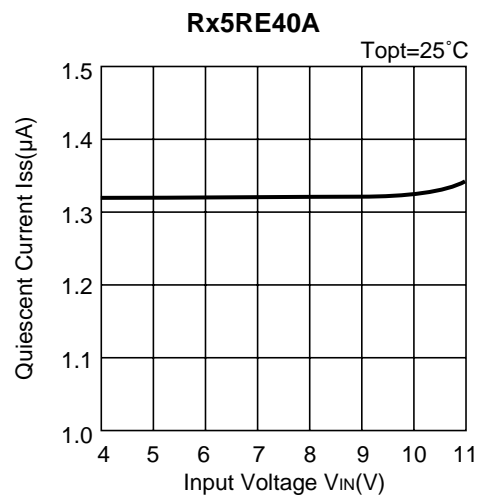
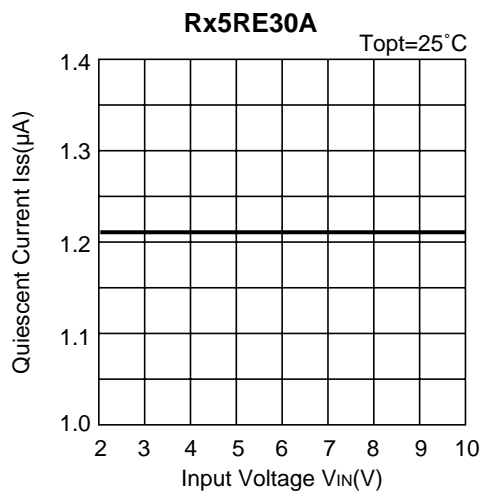
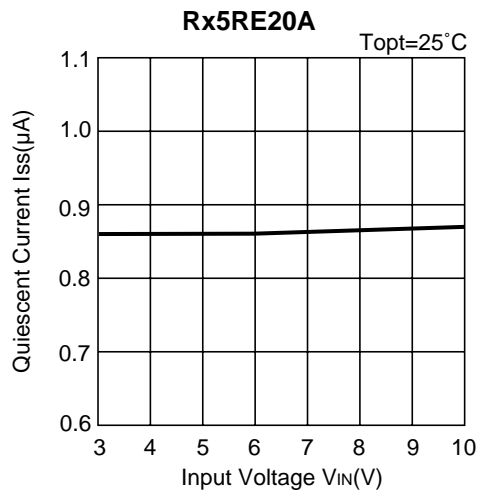


4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature



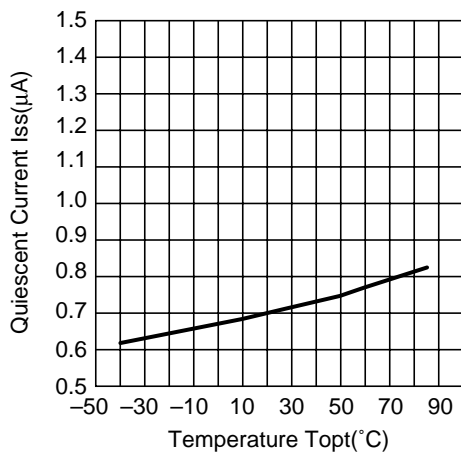


5) Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

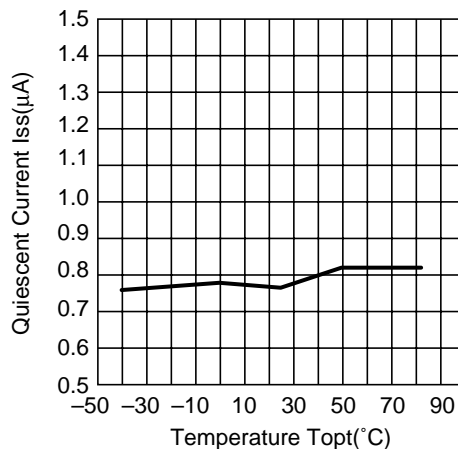


6) Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

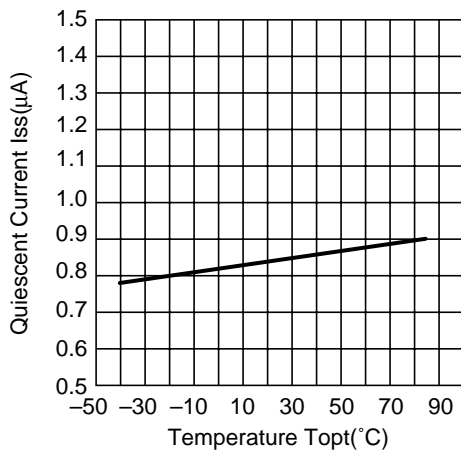
Rx5RE20A



Rx5RE30A

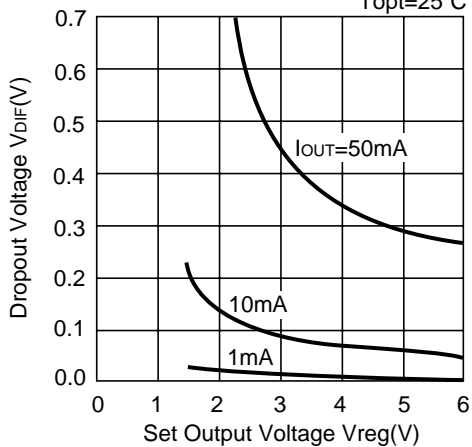


Rx5RE40A



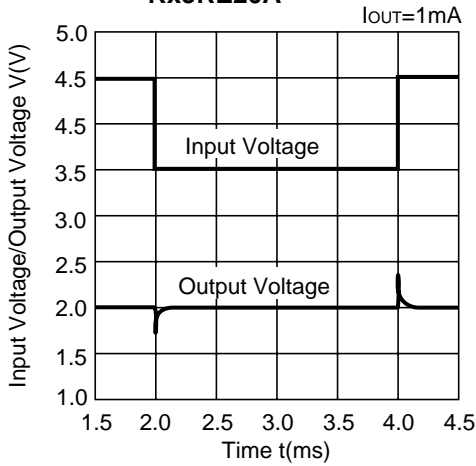
7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage

Rx5RE SERIES T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

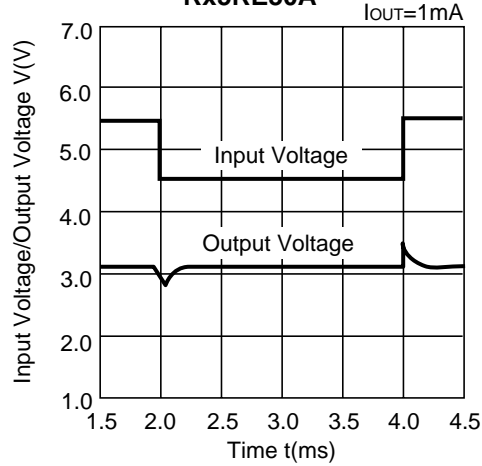


8) Line Transient Response (1)

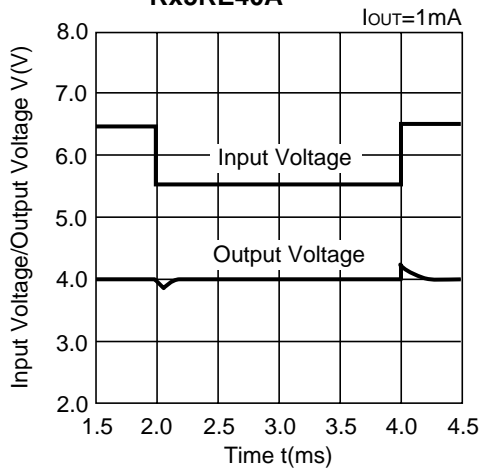
Rx5RE20A



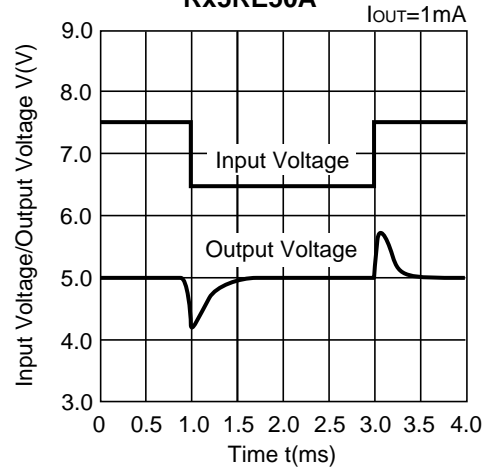
Rx5RE30A



Rx5RE40A

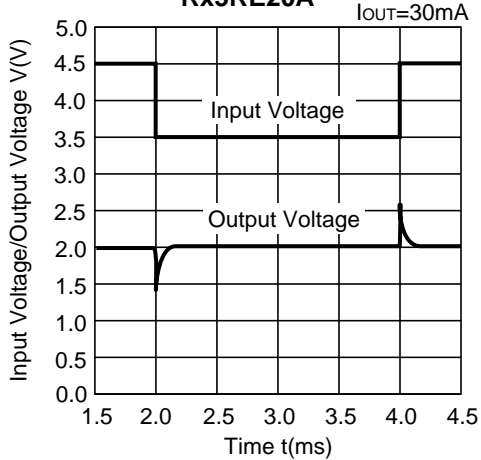


Rx5RE50A

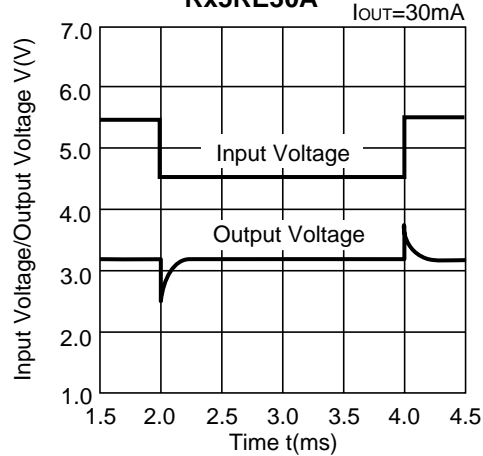


9) Line Transient Response (2)

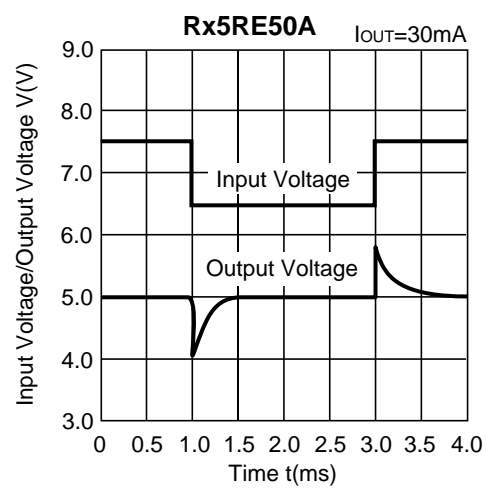
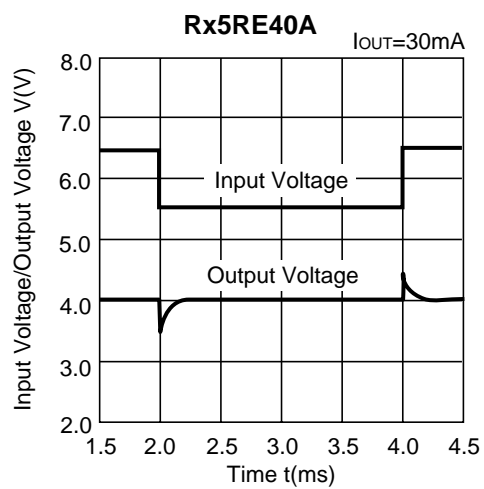
Rx5RE20A



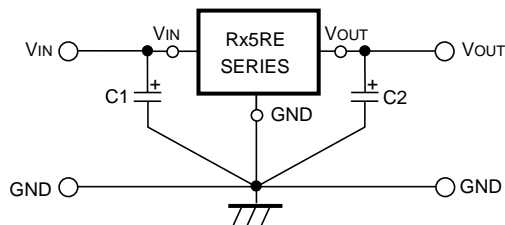
Rx5RE30A







## TYPICAL APPLICATION

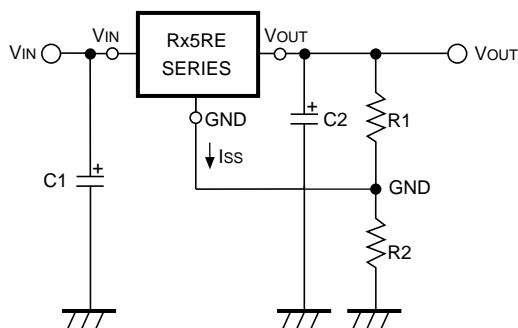


In Rx5RE Series, a constant voltage can be obtained without using capacitors C1 and C2. However, when the wire connected to VIN is long, use capacitor C1. Output noise can be reduced by using capacitor C2.

Insert capacitors C1 and C2 with the capacitance of 0.1μF to 2.0μF between input/output pins and GND pin with minimum wiring.

## APPLICATION CIRCUITS

### • VOLTAGE BOOST CIRCUIT



The output voltage can be obtained by the following formula :

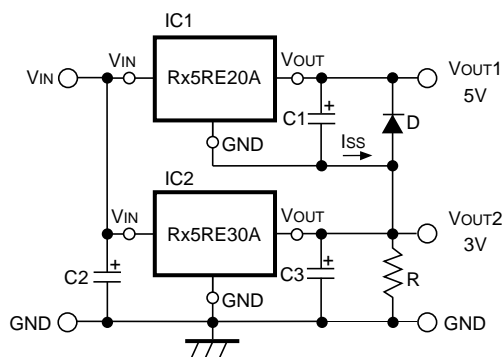
$$V_{OUT} = V_{reg}^{*1} \cdot (1 + R2/R1) + I_{SS} \cdot R2$$

Since the quiescent current of Rx5RE Series is so small that the resistances of R1 and R2 can be set as large as several hundreds kΩ and therefore the supply current of “Voltage Boost Circuit” itself can be reduced.

Furthermore, since Rx5RE Series are operated by a constant voltage, the supply current of “Voltage Boost Circuit” is not substantially affected by the input voltage.

\*1) Vreg : Set Output Voltage of Rx5RE Series.

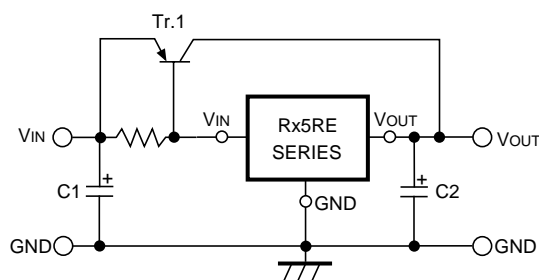
### • DUAL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT



As shown in the circuit diagram, a dual power supply circuit can be constructed by using two Rx5RE Series.

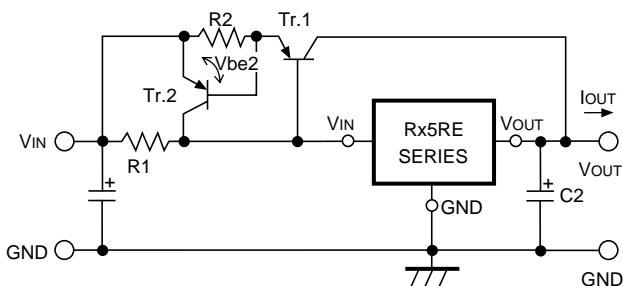
This circuit diagram shows a dual power supply circuit with an output of 3V and an output of 5V. When the minimum output current of IC2 is larger than Iss of IC1, resistor R is unnecessary. Diode D is a protection diode for the case where VOUT2 becomes larger than VOUT1.

### • CURRENT BOOST CIRCUIT



Output current of 120mA or more can be obtained by the current boost circuit constructed as shown in this circuit diagram.

### • CURRENT BOOST CIRCUIT WITH OVERCURRENT LIMIT CIRCUIT



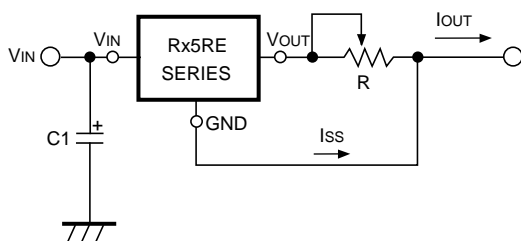
A circuit for protecting Tr.1 from the destruction caused by output short-circuit or overcurrent is shown in this circuit diagram.

When the voltage reduction caused by the current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) which flows through R2 reaches  $V_{be2}$  of Tr.2 by additionally providing the current boost circuit with Tr.2 and R2, Tr.2 is turned ON and the base current of Tr.1 is increased, so that the output current is limited.

Current limit of Overcurrent Limit Circuit is obtained as follows :

$$I_{OUT} \approx V_{be2}/R2$$

### • CURRENT SOURCE



A current source with the structure as shown in this circuit diagram can be used. Output Current  $I_{OUT}$  is obtained as follows :

$$I_{OUT} = V_{reg}^{*1}/R + I_{SS}$$

Take care that Output Current  $I_{OUT}$  does not exceed its allowable current.

\*1)  $V_{reg}$  : Set Output Voltage of Rx5RE Series.



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